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# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

# **1.CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION**

- 1.1. Product identifier Identification of a mixture: Trade name: 3H oil based size
- 1.2. Identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Recommended use: Solvent-based painting product.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet Supplier: Giusto Manetti Battiloro S.p.A. Via Tosca Fiesoli 89 M
-50013 Campi Bisenzio (FI) P.IVA 00389280488 Tel. + 39 055 436,261 e-mail: <u>g.sonni@manetti.it</u>

Competent person responsible for the safety data sheet: <u>g.sonni@manetti.it</u> Tel. + 39 055 4,362,655

1.4. Emergency telephone number Tel. + 39 055 436,261 e-mail: <u>g.sonni@manetti.it</u>

# 2.HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture Criteria EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP):

Attention, Flam. Liq. 3, flammable liquid and vapour.

Attention, Skin Sore And Swollen. 2, causes skin irritation.

Attention, Eye Sore And Swollen. 2, causes serious eye irritation.

Attention, Skin Sens. 1, may cause an allergic skin reaction.

Attention, STOT SE 3, may cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Aquatic Chronic 3, harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Euh066 repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Physicochemical effects harmful to human health and the environment: No other hazards

2.2. Label elements

Symbols:

Attention Hazard statements: Flammable liquid and vapour h226. H315. causes skin irritation H319 causes serious eye irritation. H317 may cause an allergic skin reaction. H336 may cause drowsiness or dizziness R52/53 harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment Precautionary Statements: P101 if medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. P102 keep out of reach of children. P103 read label before use. P210 keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking P271 use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area P280 wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P370 + P378 in case of fire: Use ... to extinguish. P405 store locked up. P501 dispose of contents/container in accordance with the regulation. Special provisions: Euh066 repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Contains: Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, cyclic, aromatic, 2% < isoalkanes turpentine, oil 2-butanone oxime: may produce an allergic reaction. Special provisions in accordance with annex XVII of REACH and subsequent modifications: No

2.3. Other hazards

VPvB substances: none-PBT substances: No Other hazards: No other hazards

# **3.COMPOSITION /INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

3.1.Substances

N.A.

3.2. Mixtures

Hazardous components according to CLP and its classification:

Qty	Name	Number of identif.	Classification
> = 25%- 30% <	Hydrocarbons, C9- C11, n-alkanes, cyclic, aromatic, 2% < isoalkanes	EC: 919-857-5 REACH No.: 01- 211946325 33-xxxx	<ul> <li>2.6/3 Flam. Liq. 3 H226</li> <li>3.10/1 Asp. Tox. 1 H304</li> <li>3.8/3 STOT SE 3 H336</li> <li>EUH066</li> </ul>
> = 10%- 15% <	turpentine, oil	Index 650-002-00 Number: CAs: 8006-64-2 EC: 232-350-7 REACH No.: 01- 2119553060 53	<ul> <li>2.6/3 Flam. Liq. 3 H226</li> <li>3.10/1 Asp. Tox. 1 H304</li> <li>3.3/2 Eye Irrit. 2 H319</li> <li>0.0/2 Objective Automatics</li> </ul>

> = 1%- 3% <	xylene	Index Number: CAs: EC: REACH No.:	2119488216-	<ul> <li>4.1/C2 Aquatic Chronic 2 H411</li> <li>3.1/4/Oral Acute Tox. 4 H302</li> <li>3.1/4/Dermal Acute Tox. 4 H312</li> <li>3.1/4/Inhal Acute Tox. 4 H332</li> <li>2.6/3 Flam. Liq. 3 H226</li> <li>3.2/2 Skin Irrit. 2 H315</li> <li>3.1/4/Dermal Acute Tox. 4 H312</li> <li>3.1/4/Dermal Acute Tox. 4 H312</li> <li>3.1/4/Dermal Acute Tox. 4 H312</li> </ul>
<>= 0.5%-1%	Ethylbenzene	Index Number: CAs: EC: REACH No.:	32-xxxx 601-023-00-4 100-41-4 202-849-4 01- 2119489370- 35-xxxx	<ul> <li>2.6/2 Flam. Liq. 2 H225</li> <li>3.1/4/Inhal Acute Tox. 4 H332</li> <li>3.9/2 STOT RE 2 H373</li> <li>3.10/1 Asp. Tox. 1 H304</li> </ul>
< > = 0.25%- 0.5%	2-butanone oxime	Index Number: CAs: EC: REACH No.:	616-014-00-0 96-29-7 202-496-6 2119539477- 28-01-0003	<ul> <li>3.1/4/Dermal Acute Tox. 4</li> <li>H312</li> <li>3.3/1 Eye Dam. 1 H318</li> <li>3.4.2/1-1A-1B Skin Sens.</li> <li>1,1A,1B H317</li> <li>3.6/2 Carc. 2 H351</li> </ul>

# 4.FIRST-AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

In case of skin contact: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse immediately with plenty of running water and possibly SOAP body areas that have been in contact with the product, even if only suspected. Thoroughly flush the body (shower or bath). Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose of it safely. In case of contact with skin, wash immediately with SOAP and plenty of water. In case of eye contact: In case of contact with eyes, rinse with water for an appropriate time interval and holding open the lids, then immediately consult an ophthalmologist. Protect the eye unharmed. If swallowed: Do not induce vomiting. SEEK IMMEDIATE MEDICAL EXAMINATION. In case of inhalation: Move the victim to fresh air and keep him warm and at rest. 4.2. Main symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed None 4.3. Indication of the possible need to seek immediate medical attention and special treatment In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the instructions for use or the material safety data sheet).

Treatment: None

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### **5.FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

- 5.1. Extinguishing media
  - Suitable extinguishing agents:
    - Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons: DO NOT USE WATER EXTINGUISHERS.
- 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Do not inhale the gases produced by the explosion and from burning. Combustion produces heavy smoke.

- 5.3. Recommendations for fire-fighters
  - Use proper respiratory equipment.

Collect separately contaminated water used to extinguish the fire. Do not download it into drains.

If feasible in terms of security, move out of the immediate danger undamaged containers.

# 6.ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

- 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Wear personal protective equipment. Remove all sources of ignition. Move people in a safe place. Refer to protective measures that are exposed to the point 7 and 8.
- 6.2. Environmental precautions
  Prevent penetration into soil/subsoil. Prevent runoff into surface water or into drains.
  Retain contaminated washing water and discard.
  In the event of a gas leak or penetration into waterways, soil or sewage system inform responsible authorities.
  Material suitable for picking: absorbent material, organic, sand
- 6.3. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up
  - Wash with plenty of water.
- 6.4. Reference to other sections See also section 8 and 13

### 7.HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapors and mists.

- Do not use empty containers before they were cleaned.
- Before transfer make sure that containers are not incompatible materials residues.

Contaminated clothing must be replaced before entering dining areas.

Do not eat or drink during work.

See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store at temperatures below 20° c. Keep away from flames and heat. Avoid exposure to direct sunlight.

Keep away from open flames, sparks and heat sources. Avoid exposure to direct sunlight. Keep away from food, drink and animal feed.

Incompatible materials:

- None in particular.
- Indication for locals:

Cool and adequately ventilated.

7.3. Specific end uses

No particular use

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters
turpentine, oil-CAS: 8006-64-2
ACGIH-LTE (8:00): 20 ppm-notes: DSEN, A4-Leng irr
xylene-CAS: 7/20/1330
EU-LTE (8:00): 221 mg/m3, 50 ppm-STE: 442 mg/m3, 100 ppm-Note: Bold-type: Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Values [2.3] and Limit Values for Occupational Exposure [4] (for references see bibliography)
ACGIH-LTE (8:00): 100 ppm-STE: 150 ppm-notes: A4, BEI-URT and eye irr, CNS impair Ethylbenzene 100-41-4-CAS:
EU-LTE (8:00): 442 mg/m3, 100 ppm-STE: 884 mg/m3, 200 ppm-Note: Bold-type: Captain Approximate
Occupational Exposure Limit Values [2.3] and Limit Values for Occupational Exposure [4] (for references see bibliography)
ACGIH-LTE (8:00): 20 ppm-notes: A3, BEI-URT irr dam, kidney (nephropathy), cochlear impair
Exposure limit values DNEL
xylene-CAS: 7/20/1330
Professional worker: 180 mg/kg-consumer: 108 mg/kg-exposure: Human Skin-frequency: long-term, systemic effects
Professional worker: 77 ppm-consumer: 14.8 ppm-Human exposure: inhalation-frequency: long-term, systemic effects
Professional worker: 289 174 ppm ppm-consumer:-Human exposure: inhalation frequency: short term (acute)
Professional worker: 289 174 ppm ppm-consumer:-Human exposure: inhalation frequency: short term, local effects
Consumer: 1.6 mg/kg-exposure: Human Oral-frequency: long-term, systemic effects
Exposure limit values PNEC N.A.
8.2. Exposure controls
Considering that the use of adequate technical measures should always take priority over
personal protection equipment, ensure good ventilation in the workplace through effective local
exhaust ventilation or exhaust stale air. If this does not allow you to maintain the concentration
of the product under the occupational exposure limits, wear appropriate respiratory protection.
When using the product please refer to the warning label for details. During the selection of
personal protective equipment get possibly advice to suppliers of chemicals. Personal
protective equipment must comply with the regulations set out below.
HAND PROTECTION
Protect your hands with gloves category II (REF. Directive 89/686/EEC and EN 374) such as PVC, neoprene, nitrile or equivalent. For the final choice of the glove material from work are to

PVC, neoprene, nitrile or equivalent. For the final choice of the glove material from work are to be considered: degradation, break time and permeation. In the case of preparations the resistance work gloves must be checked before use, as unpredictable. The gloves have a wear time which depends on the duration available.

#### EYE PROTECTION

Wear safety glasses, sealed (REF. standard EN 166).

# SKIN PROTECTION

Wear work clothes with long sleeves and safety footwear for professional use of category II (REF. Directive 89/686/EEC and EN 344). Wash with SOAP and water after removing protective clothing.

#### RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

In case of exceeding the threshold value of one or more of the substances present in the preparation, reported the daily exposure in the workplace or in a village established by the prevention and protection service company, wear a mask with filter type B or universal whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen in relation to the concentration limit (REF. Standard EN 141). The use of respiratory protective equipment like masks with cartridge for organic vapours and dusts/mists, it is necessary in the absence of technical measures to limit worker exposure. The protection offered by the masks is limited.

In the case where the substance in question is odorless or its odour threshold exceeds its limit of exposure and in an emergency, or when exposure levels are known, or the oxygen

concentration in the workplace is at least 17% by volume, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (REF. standard EN 137) or respirator to the external air vent for use with full face mask , half mask or mouthpiece (REF. standard EN 138). Establish a system for emergency eyewash and shower. If there is a risk of being exposed to dripping or splashing in relation to processing, provision should be made for adequate protection of mucous membranes (mouth, nose, eyes) in order to avoid accidental absorption. Appropriate engineering controls: None

# 9.PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Property	Value	Method:	Notes:
Appearance and color:	Pale yellow liquid		
Smell:	Characteristic		
Odor threshold:	N.A.		
Ph.:	N.A.		
Melting/freezing point:	N.A.		
Initial boiling point and boiling range:	N.A.		
Flash point:	> 21° C		
Evaporation rate:	N.A.		
Solid/gas flammability:	N.A.		
Upper/lower flammability or explosion:	N.A.		
Vapor pressure:	N.A.		
Vapor density:	N.A.		
Relative density:	1.000 kg/l ca. (20° C)		
Water solubility:	Insoluble		
Solubility in oil:	N.A.		
Partition coefficient (n- octanol/water):	N.A.		
Auto-ignition temperature:	N.A.		
Decomposition temperature:	N.A.		
Viscosity:	> 30 "(3 mm ISO Cup)		
Explosive properties:	N.A.		
Oxidizing properties:	N.A.		

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### 9.2. Other information

Property	Value	Method:	Notes:
Miscibility:	N.A.		
Fat solubility:	N.A.		
Conductivity:	N.A.		
Characteristic properties of groups of substances	N.A.		

### **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

- 10.1. Reactivity
  - Stable under normal conditions
- 10.2. Chemical stability
- Stable under normal conditions 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions
- None
- 10.4. Conditions to avoid Stable under normal conditions.
- 10.5. Incompatible materials
  - Avoid contact with oxidizing substances. The product may catch fire.
- 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products Anyone.

**11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION** 11.1. Information on toxicological effects Toxicological information of the mixture: N.A. Toxicological information of the main substances present in the mixture: xylene-CAS: 7/20/1330 h) acute toxicity: Test: LC50-route: inhalation-species: rat 20 mg/l Test: LD50 species: 5627-route: oral-Rat mg/kg Test: LD50 species: Rabbit-Skin-route: > 5000 mg/kg 2-butanone oxime-CAS: 96-29-7 h) acute toxicity: Test: LD50-route: oral-Rat species: 1 g/kg Test: LD50-route: oral-Rat species: 930 mg/kg Test: LD50 species: Rabbit-Skin-route: 184 mg/kg turpentine, oil-CAS: 8006-64-2 LD50 Oral rat: 5760 mg/kg INHALATION LD50 rat: 3590 ppm/1 hour-2150 ppm/6 hours In humans, exposure to several hours at concentrations greatly exceed the TLV: eye irritation, headache, pulmonary irritation; bladder and kidney injury with non-persistent albuminuria and hematuria. In experimental animals: effects on the central nervous system with ataxia, tremors, convulsions and paralysis. CHRONIC toxicity: repeated or prolonged exposure in humans, vapors may induce individual hypersensitivity to the substance. Chronic toxicity data are not reported for experimental animals. Unreported evidence of mutagenesis, teratogenesis and carcinogenesis. xvlene-CAS: 7/20/1330 **OBSERVATIONS ON HUMAN SUBJECTS** NON-OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE-effects following acute exposure: Symptoms of severe exposure: Dermatitis, eczema, irritation of the eyes and respiratory tract. Inhalation of vapors may cause dizziness, headache, nausea, incoordination, excitability, narcosis, anemia, paresthesia of the hands and feet. OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE-effects following acute exposure: Narcotic at high concentrations. Inhalation irritation at 200 ppm (TCLo). Inhalation of 200 ppm cause irritant effects on humans. Man (oral) (LDLo): 50 mg/kg. Inhalation male (Locp) 10000 ppm/6:00. Unless otherwise specified, the data requested by Regulation (EU) 2015/830 below are N.A.: h) acute toxicity: b) skin corrosion/irritation; c) serious eye damage/eye irritation; d) respiratory or skin sensitization; e) germ cell mutagenicity; f) carcinogenicity; g) reproductive toxicity; h) specific target organ toxicity (STOT) — single exposure; the specific target organ toxicity

(STOT)) — repeated exposure; j) aspiration hazard.

#### **12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

12.1. Toxicity Use according to good working practices, avoiding to disperse the product in the environment. xylene-CAS: 7/20/1330 h) acute aquatic toxicity: Endpoint: EC50-species: Daphnia = 1 mg/l-duration h: 24 Endpoint: EC50-species: algae = 4.36 mg/l-h Duration: 73 Endpoint: LC50-species: Fish = 2.6 mg/l-h Duration: 96 12.2. Persistence and degradability None N.A. 12.3. Bio accumulative potential N.A. 12.4. Mobility in soil N.A. 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment VPvB substances: none-PBT substances: No 12.6. Other adverse effects None

#### **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATION**

13.1. Waste treatment methods Recover if possible. Send to authorized disposal plants or incineration under controlled conditions. Operate in accordance with current local and national provisions

#### **14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

- 14.1. UN number
  - ADR-UN number: 1263
- 14.2. Un proper shipping name
- 14.3. transportation hazard Classes
  - ADR class: 3
  - ADR-label: 3
- 14.4. Packing Group
- ADR packing group: III
- 14.5. Environmental hazards Marine pollutant:
- 14.6. Special precautions for user
- 14.7. carriage in bulk according to annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code N.A.

# **15. REGOLATORY INFORMATION**

15.1. The laws and regulations on health, safety and environment specific for the substance or mixture

Decree 4/9/2008 # 81 D.m. 2/26/2004 Work (occupational exposure limits) Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) Regulation (EC) no 1272/2008 (CLP) Regulation (EC) no 790/2009 (ATP 1 CLP) and (EC) no 758/2013 Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/830 Commission Regulation (EU) no 286/2011 (ATP 2 CLP) Commission Regulation (EU) no 618/2012 (ATP 3 CLP) Commission Regulation (EU) no 487/2013 (ATP 4 CLP) Commission Regulation (EU) no 944/2013 (ATP 5 CLP) Commission Regulation (EU) no 605/2014 (ATP 6 CLP) Restrictions relating to the product or to substances in accordance with annex XVII of Council Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) and subsequent modifications: Product restrictions: **Restriction 3** 40 restriction Restrictions on substances: No restrictions. Where applicable, refer to the following standards: Ministerial circulars 46 and 61 (aromatic amines). Decree September 21, 2005 n 238 (Seveso Ter) Regulation 648/2004/EC (cleaners). D.I. 4/3/2006 n 152 environmental regulations

Provisions relating to directives 82/501/EC (Seveso), 96/82/EC (Seveso II):

15.2. The chemical safety assessment No

# **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Text of phrases used in paragraph 3: Flammable liquid and vapor h226. H304 may be fatal if swallowed and enters Airways. H336 may cause drowsiness or dizziness. Euh066 repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. H319 causes serious eye irritation. H315 causes skin irritation. H317 may cause an allergic skin reaction. H411 toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Harmful if swallowed h302. H312 harmful in contact with skin. H332 harmful if inhaled. Flammable liquid and vapor h225. H373 may cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Causes serious eye damage h318. H351 suspected of causing cancer. This fact sheet has been revised in all its sections in accordance with regulation 453/2010/EU. This document was compiled by a technician responsible for SDS and has received appropriate training. Main bibliographic sources: NIOSH-Registry of toxic effects of chemical substances (1983) I.N.R.S.-Fiche Toxicologique (Toxicological Sheet) The NATIONAL COLLECTIVE LABOUR AGREEMENT-Annex 1 "TLV for the 1989-90" National Institute of health-national inventory Chemicals

The information contained herein is based on our knowledge at the date above. Related solely to the product and do not constitute a guarantee of particular quality. The user is responsible for ensuring the suitability and completeness of such information in relation to the specific use intended.

This sheet cancels and replaces any previous edition.

ADR:	European Agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by road.
CAs:	Chemical Abstracts Service (a division of the American Chemical Society).
CLP:	Classification, Labelling, Packaging.
DNEL:	Derived no-effect level.
EINECS:	European inventory of existing European chemicals on the market.
Gefstoffvo:	
GHS: IATA:	Globally harmonized system of classification and labelling of chemicals. International air transport association.
IATA-	Dangerous goods regulation "international air transport Association
DGR:	(IATĂ).
ICAO:	International Civil Aviation Organization.
ICAO-TI:	Technical instructions of "International Civil Aviation Organization
	(ICAO).
IMDG:	International maritime dangerous goods code.
INCI:	International nomenclature of cosmetic ingredients.
KST:	Explosion coefficient.
LC50:	Lethal concentration for 50% of the test population.
LD50:	Lethal dose for 50% of the test population.
LTE:	Long term exposure.
PNEC:	Predicted no effect concentration.
RID:	Regulation concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by rail.
STE:	Short-term exposure.
STEL:	Short term exposure limit.
STOT:	Organ-specific toxicity.
TLV:	Threshold limit value.
TWATLV:	Threshold limit value for the weighted average about 8 hours. (ACGIH Standard).
WGK:	Water hazard class (Germany).